

min  $J(\Theta, p) = \sum_i \lambda_i J_i(\Theta, p)$

**Optimal control**

$\Theta, p$   
input sequence    saccade duration

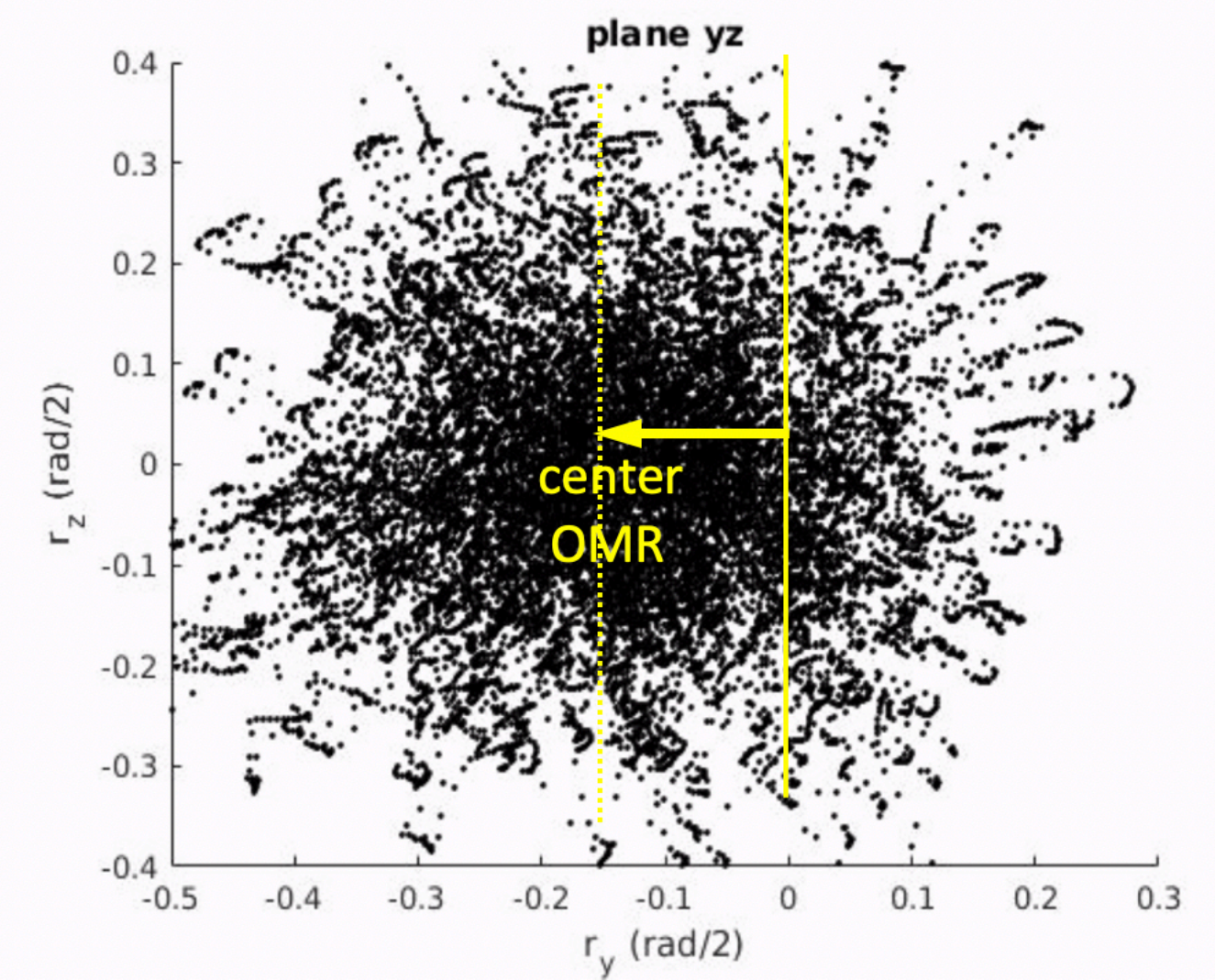
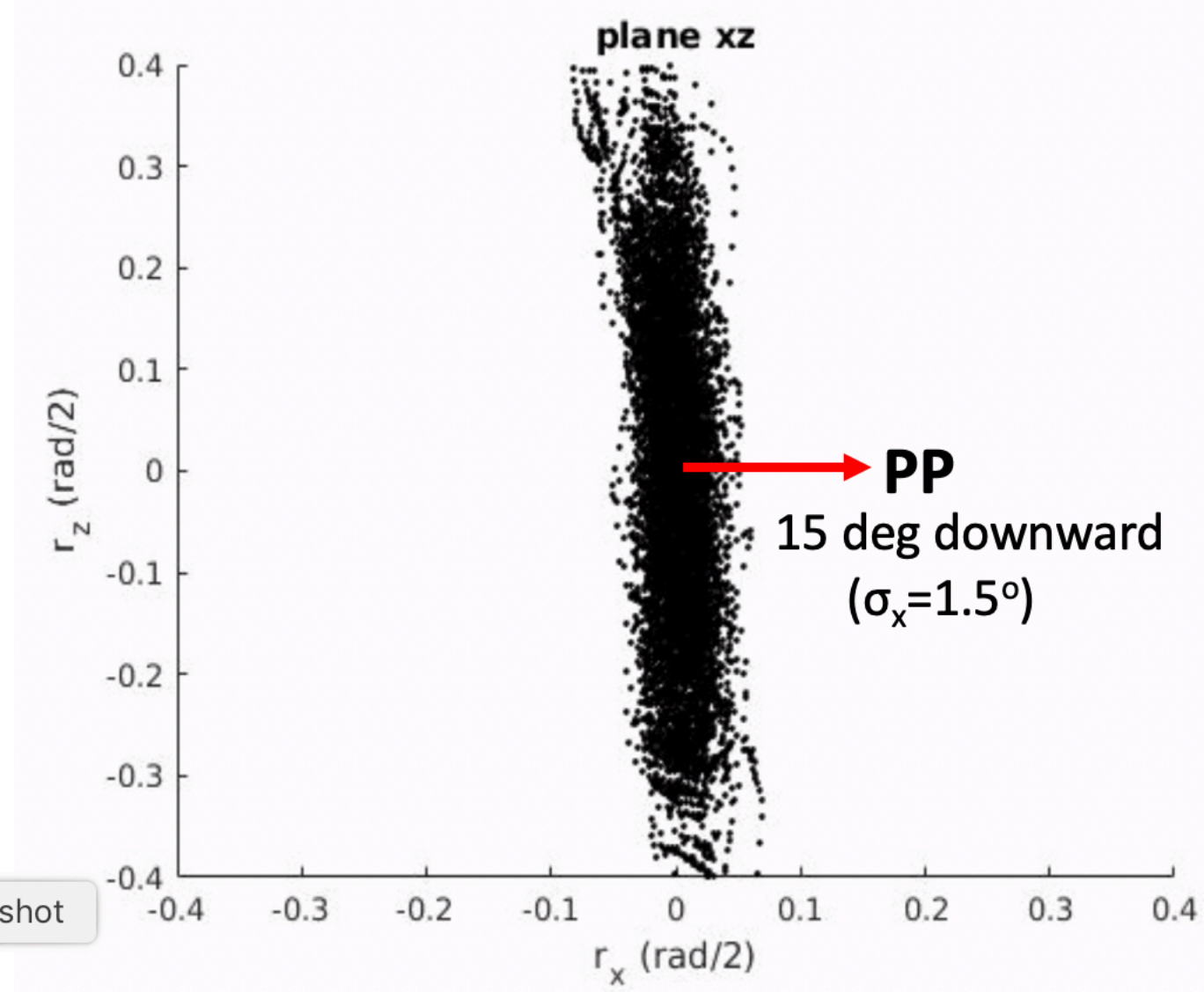
$\Theta = \begin{bmatrix} u_0 \\ u_1 \\ \vdots \\ u_p \end{bmatrix}$

$J_{ene}(\Theta, p) = \|M\Theta\|^2$

$J_{acc}(\Theta, p) = \|y_p - \hat{y}_p\|^2$      $\hat{y}_p = \begin{bmatrix} \hat{r}_x \\ \hat{r}_y \\ \hat{r}_z \end{bmatrix}$

$J_{dur}(\Theta, p) = (1 - \frac{1}{1+\beta p}) = J_{dur}(p)$

- Listing's law for saccades: I**
- minimal duration (single-axis rotation)
  - minimal total energy ( $\propto$  (control vel.)<sup>2</sup>)
  - accuracy cost ( $r_x=0$  at end)



$J_{acc}(\Theta, p) = \|y_p - \hat{y}_p\|^2$      $\hat{y}_p = \begin{bmatrix} \hat{r}_y \\ \hat{r}_z \end{bmatrix}$

$J_{dur}(\Theta, p)$  and  $J_{ene}(\Theta, p)$

$J_{eff}(\Theta, p) = y_p^T Q_f y_p$   
 $Q_f = \text{force exerted}$

- Listing's law for saccades: II**
- minimal duration and energy
  - accuracy cost (no constraint on  $r_x$ !)
  - minimal effort (total summed forces)

shot